## **Schedule NR**

# 2021 MICHIGAN Nonresident and Part-Year Resident Schedule

Issued under authority of Public Act 281 of 1967, as amended.

Type or print in blue or black ink.

Include with Form MI-1040. Read all instructions before completing this form.

Attachment 02

1. Filer's First Name		M.I.	Last Na			2. Filer's Full Soc	2. Filer's Full Social Security No. (Example: 123-45-6789)			
							_	_		
If a Joint Return, Spouse's First Name M.I. Last Na			ime			3. Spouse's Full S	3. Spouse's Full Social Security No. (Example: 123-45-6789)			
							_	_		
4	2021 RESIDENCY STATUS:			*Datas of Minhis		. :- 000	)4 /Fatan datas as 1	4N4 DI	D 2000/ Evernels 04 45 20	24)
٠.	Check all that apply.			"Dates of Michig	an residency	FIL		VIIVI-DI	D-YYYY, Example: 04-15-202 SPOUSE	21)
a. Nonresident			FROM: —			<del></del> 2021	— 2021 — — 2021 <b>—</b>			
b. Part-Year Resident of Michigan. Enter dates of Michigan residency in 2				2021* TO:	* ТО: — -			— — 2021		
Incor	ne Allocation			A. Total Inc	come	В	Michigan Incom	16	C. Other State(s) Incor	me
				A. Total III			mionigan moon	Ţ	o. Other otato(c) moor	
5.	5. Wages, salaries, other payments (tips, etc.)				00			00		00
6.	. Interest and dividends				00			00		00
7.	Business and farm income (include U.S. Schedules C and F)				00			00		00
8.	Gains/losses from MI-1040D or U.S. Schedule D, and/or MI-4797 or U.S. Form 4797				00			00		00
9.	Income reported on U.S. Schedu U.S. Schedule E and supporting		00			00		00		
10.	Pensions, IRA distributions, ann and Social Security (see Form 4		00			00		00		
11.	Other (see instructions)				00			00		00
12.	Total income. Add lines 5 throug		00			00		00		
13.	Enter the total adjustments from Describe:		00			00		00		
14.	I. Subtract line 13 from line 12. The amount in column A should equal MI-1040, line 10. Enter amount in column C on Schedule 1, line 13 or, if a negative amount, enter as a positive amount on Schedule 1, line 4.									
					00			00		00
Exen	nption Allowance (If one spo	use is	a full-y	ear resident, and t	he other is	not, se	ee instructions.)	_		
15. Enter amount from MI-1040, line 9f						<u></u>		15		00
16.	Enter Michigan source income fi	umn B 10	3.		00					
17.	Enter total income from line 14,	1 <sup>-</sup>	7.		00	Г		$\Box$		
18.	18. Divide line 16 by line 17 (if line 16 is greater than line 17, enter 10							18.		%
19.	If both spouses are part-year or here and on MI-1040, line 15. If here and on MI-1040, line 15	one sp	ouse is	a full-year resident, o	complete Wo	rksheet	t 6 and enter	19.		00

### Instructions for Schedule NR, Nonresident and Part-Year Resident Schedule

Nonresidents and part-year residents must pay income tax to Michigan on all income earned in Michigan or attributable to Michigan. The following definitions may help determine what income is attributable to Michigan (1) <u>Allocate</u>: To assign or distribute to one state. (2) <u>Apportion</u>: To divide or share between two or more states. (3) <u>Attribute</u>: To assign income by use of allocation and/or apportionment.

#### **Business Income (Loss)**

For Michigan's definition of business income and how to determine business income attributable to Michigan, see "Business Income (Loss)" section in the instructions.

#### **Excess Business Loss Limitation**

If you filed a U.S. Form 461 Limitation on Business Losses, complete a *Michigan Excess Business Loss MI-461* before completing this form. Income or loss reported on Form MI-461 should only be entered on this form according to Form MI-461 instructions. Do not report the same income or loss more than once on the Schedule NR.

#### **Income Allocation**

Each line in column A should equal the amount reported on your federal return to the extent included in AGI. Enter in column B the amount of income attributable to Michigan from column A. Column C is the remaining income not attributable to Michigan.

#### **Line-by-Line Instructions**

Line 5: Enter all wages, salaries, tips, etc.

• Column B: Part-year residents enter all salaries and wages received for the period you were a Michigan resident plus any wages earned in Michigan while you were a nonresident. Nonresidents enter salaries and wages earned in Michigan. Non-qualified stock options earned in Michigan are allocated to Michigan.

**Example:** You reported \$50,000 in wages on your U.S. Form *1040*. Of this, \$30,000 is taxable to Michigan. Enter \$50,000 in column A, \$30,000 in column B, and \$20,000 in column C.

**Residents of Reciprocal States:** Enter wages earned in Michigan while a resident of a reciprocal state in column C. See "Reciprocal States" in the instructions.

Line 6: Enter interest and dividend income.

Column B: Enter the total nonbusiness interest and dividend income you received while a Michigan resident. Enter business interest and dividend income attributable to Michigan.

**Line 7:** Enter income from U.S. *Schedules C* and *F*.

• Column B: Enter income attributable to Michigan.

**Line 8:** If all the income is solely allocated to Michigan, enter in column 8A and 8B the gains/losses from the U.S. *Schedule D* or U.S. Form *4797*.

If you are allocating gains/losses to Michigan and another state, complete Adjustments of Capital Gains and Losses (Form MI-1040D) and/or Adjustments of Gains and Losses From Sales of Business Property (Form MI-4797). Enter in column B the amount allocated to Michigan from MI-1040D, column G, line 12 (gains), or line 13 (losses). MI-4797 filers, include in column B the amount allocated to Michigan from column E, line 18b.

Line 9: Enter income from the U.S. Schedule E.

 Column B: Enter income attributable to Michigan. Nonbusiness rents and royalties from real and tangible personal property located in Michigan are allocated to Michigan. **Line 10:** Enter pensions, annuities, IRA distributions, taxable Social Security benefits, and income reported on Form *1099-R*.

• Column B: Enter the income received while a Michigan resident and see Form 4884 and instructions regarding pensions, annuities, and IRA distributions.

Line 11: Enter other income subject to federal income tax, such as alimony, prizes, unemployment, state and local tax refunds, gambling winnings, or jury duty fees and identify the source. Except as noted below, this income is allocated to the state where you lived when you received it.

- Column B: Enter "other income" received while a Michigan resident. Nonresidents must include Michigan lottery winnings won after December 31, 1996, and winnings from casinos or licensed horse tracks located in Michigan.
- Column C: Allocate a federal net operating loss (NOL) deduction entirely to column C. Claim the available Michigan NOL deduction as a subtraction on the Michigan Schedule 1, line 28.

**Line 13:** Enter your total adjustments to income from U.S. Form 1040, Schedule 1.

- Column B: Enter the adjustments attributable to Michigan. Describe these adjustments on the line given or include a detailed schedule. Allocate or apportion the items listed below in the following ways:
- Contributions to IRAs, SEP, SIMPLE, and qualified plans are apportioned by the ratio of Michigan wages or self-employment income to total wages or selfemployment income.
- The deduction for self-employment tax is apportioned by the ratio of self-employment income earned in Michigan to total self-employment income. Enter the amount of apportioned self-employment tax on the *Michigan Schedule 1*, line 2.
- The deduction for self-employed health insurance and penalty for early withdrawal are allocated to the state where you lived when it was paid.

Line 14: Subtract line 13 from line 12 and enter totals in each column. The amount in column A should equal MI-1040, line 10. If column C is greater than zero, enter it on Schedule 1, line 13. If column C is less than zero, enter it as a positive number on Schedule 1, line 4. Out-of-state losses cannot reduce Michigan taxable income.

#### **Exemption Allowance**

Use lines 15 through 19 to figure your prorated exemption allowance. NOTE: If one spouse was a full-year Michigan resident and the other a part-year or nonresident, and you are filing a joint return, complete Worksheet 6. Do not complete lines 15 through 18.

**NOTE:** Part-year residents of a renaissance zone must use Schedule NR to determine their subtraction. Enter total income in column A, income received as a nonresident of the zone in column B, and income received as a resident of the zone in column C. Enter the total from line 14, column C on Schedule 1, line 15. Full-year Michigan residents should not prorate their exemption allowance.